5. Classify the different groups of 8685 instruction set with Roll No.

Exiqueres of lacres in how territories B has 16 registers on ALU with 32 operations

and a shifter with elalit operations, all connected to a B. C. A. (Third Semester) EXAMINATION, Dec., 2013

odi lo blad doss di (New Course)

Paper Third blow learness

COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE

Time: Three Hours]

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Section A is compulsory. Attempt any seven questions from Section B and one question from Section C.

- Section—A mentile editored 01 1. Write an 8085 assembly language program to perform multiplication of two 8 bit binary numbers stored at memory location 3000 H, 3001H and store results at memory location 4000H and 4001 H.
- Explain Booth's algorithm to multiply the following pair of signed two's complement nos:

A = 110011 (Multiplicand)

B = 101100 (Multiplier)

Section—B

- 3. What do you mean by instruction? Explain the role of different fields (parts of instruction) of binary instruction.
- 4. Explain the role of stack pointer (SP) and program counter (PC) of 8085 microprocessor.

R-86

P. T. O.

- 5. Classify the different groups of 8085 instruction set with example.
- 6. Explain the role of different flags of 8085 microprocessor and show their bit position in flag register.

7. What do you mean by interrupt ? What are the differences between external and internal interrupts?

- 8. A computer has 16 registers, an ALU with 32 operations, and a shifter with eight operations, all connected to a common bus system:
 - (a) Formulate a control word for a microoperation.
 - Specify the number of bits in each field of the (b) control word and give a general encoding scheme.
 - Show the bits of the control word that specify the micro-operation:

$$R_4 \leftarrow R_5 + R_6$$

- 9. What do you mean by locality reference? Explain with suitable example.
- 10. Describe different types of modes of transfer with advantages and disadvantages with respect to others.
- 11. Differentiate between primary memory and secondary memory.

Section-

18 each

- 13. Draw pin diagram of 8085 microprocessor and explain the role of each pin in brief. Bas Mandall M. Front I = A
- 14. Write short notes on the following:
 - Input/Output Interface (a)
 - RISC and CISC (b)
 - Vector processing (c)
 - (d) DMA

BCA-303(N)